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Produced and published by the National Gallery of Modern Art, New Delhi Cover: Tagore, Rabindranath (1861-1941), Indian, *Bird*, Ink on paper, 17.8x22.8 cms., Acc. No.1224 (Detail)

The collection of the National Gallery of Modern Art essentially consists of paintings, sculptures and graphics, mainly by Indian and, to some extent, International modern artists. Historically, the earliest works of art in the collection belong to almost the beginning of the 19th century.

The evolution and development of modern art in India is unlike in the Occident. In the West the reaction against academic traditions was equally responsible for the experiments in art which are included in the 19th Century, In India where the india in india in india in india in india in india where the india in

With the national consciousness and under the increact of Swadeshi movement, organised attempts were made to derive inspiration from traditional Indian art of the past.⁷ This led to the emergence of the Bengal school which is usually credited with leading the movement of Indian modern art.⁸ However, the drawing, iconographical elements and, to a certain extent, the subject matter in the paintings of the Bengal school still clung to the traditional sources.⁹

The modern art in India in the real sense made its impact with the artistic creations of Rabindranath Tagore, who experimented with the various manifestations of art Nouveau, Symbolism and, essentially, Expressionism. His writings encouraged younger artists to experiment in various styles. He wrote: "When in the name of Indian art we cultivate with deliberate aggressiveness a certain bigotry born of the habit of a past generation, we smother our soul under idiosyncrasies unearthed from buried centuries.... I strongly urge our artists vehemently to deny their obligation carefully to produce something that can be labelled as Indian art according to some old world mannerism:" Elsewhere he emphasised: "All traditional structures of art must have a sufficient degree of elasticity.... There are traditions which in alliance with rigid prescriptions of rhetoric establish their slave dynasty, dethroning their master, the Life-urge, that revels in endless freedom of expression.... Let us take heart and make daring experiments, venture out into the open road in the face of all risks, go through experiences in the great world of human mind, defying unholy prohibitions preached by prudent little critics..."

The 34 examples included in this catalogue unfold some of the important developments of modern Indian art since the time of Rabindranath Tagore. Amrita Sher Gil's works of the early 1930s were essentially inspired by the artists belonging to the group of Pont-Aven (catalogue No. 5);¹¹ Jamini Roy preferred to look towards the Indian folk traditions specially Kalighat (catalogue No. 3);¹² the Cubist-Futurist elements became apparent in the works of Gaganendranath Tagore (catalogue No. 2);¹³ the Expressionist tendencies predominated in the paintings of M.F. Husain, and at one stage also those of Avinash Chandra and G.R. Santosh (catalogue Nos. 6, 16 & 13);¹⁴ J. Swaminathan and Satish Gujral (catalogue Nos. 12 & 8) passed through the influences of Surrealism;¹⁵ and artists such as, V.S. Gaitonde, Krishen Khanna, Biren De, Jeram Patel and Shanti Dave (catalogue Nos. 7, 9, 11, 14, & 15) experimented with various styles of Abstractionism.¹⁶

The ten sculptures by Indian sculptors reproduced demonstrate the various influences assimilated by them: Auguste Rodin and Antoine Bourdelle (catalogue No. 26),¹⁷ Expressionism (catalogue Nos. 25 & 30),¹⁸ Abstractionism (catalogue Nos. 28 & 34),¹⁹ Surrealism (catalogue No. 29),²⁰ and, finally, the technique of blow-torch and the use of wrought iron (catalogue No. 31).²¹

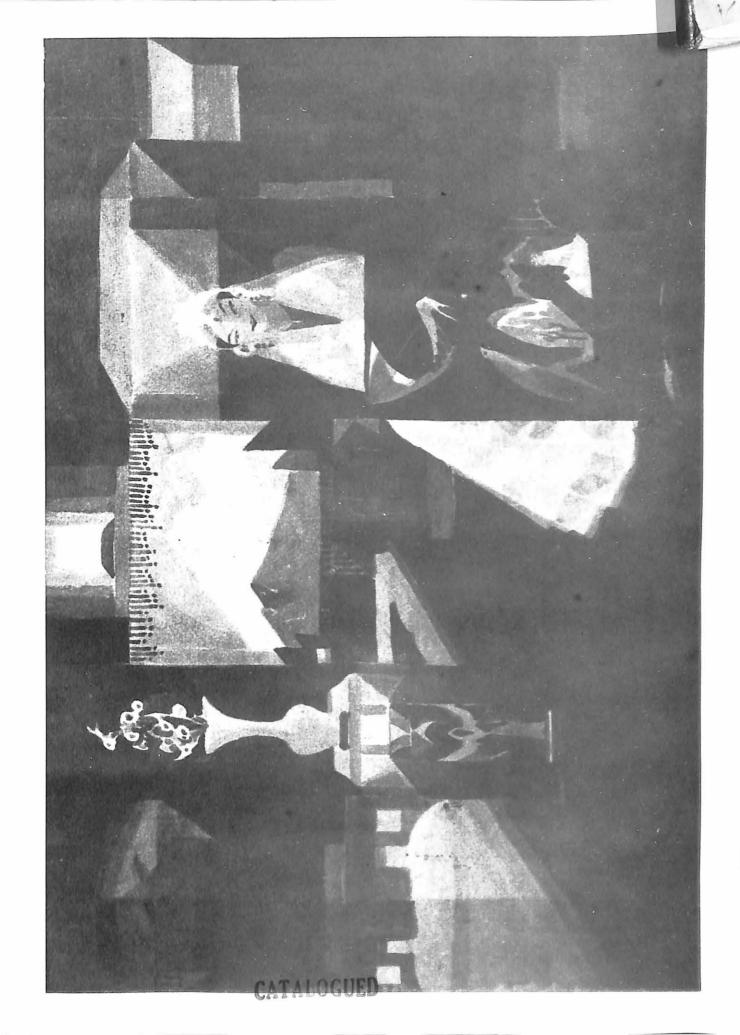
Although the collection of graphics by Indian artists is rich, only four are chosen for want of space (catalogue Nos. 19, 20, 21 & 22).

The selected examples of International modern art (catalogue Nos. 17, 18, 23 & 24) provide atleast some academic basis to study the relation between Indian and International modern art.²²

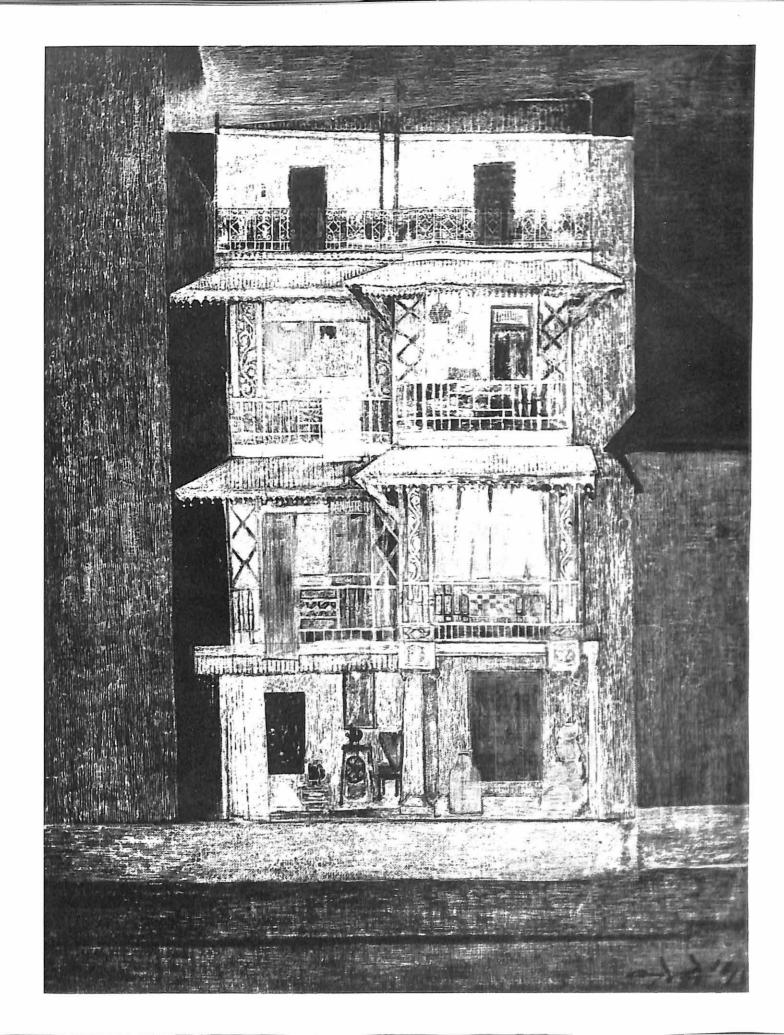
In this series other publications such as, A Hand book of Paintings and Graphics, and A Hand book of Sculptures will be published soon.

Laxmi P. Sihare

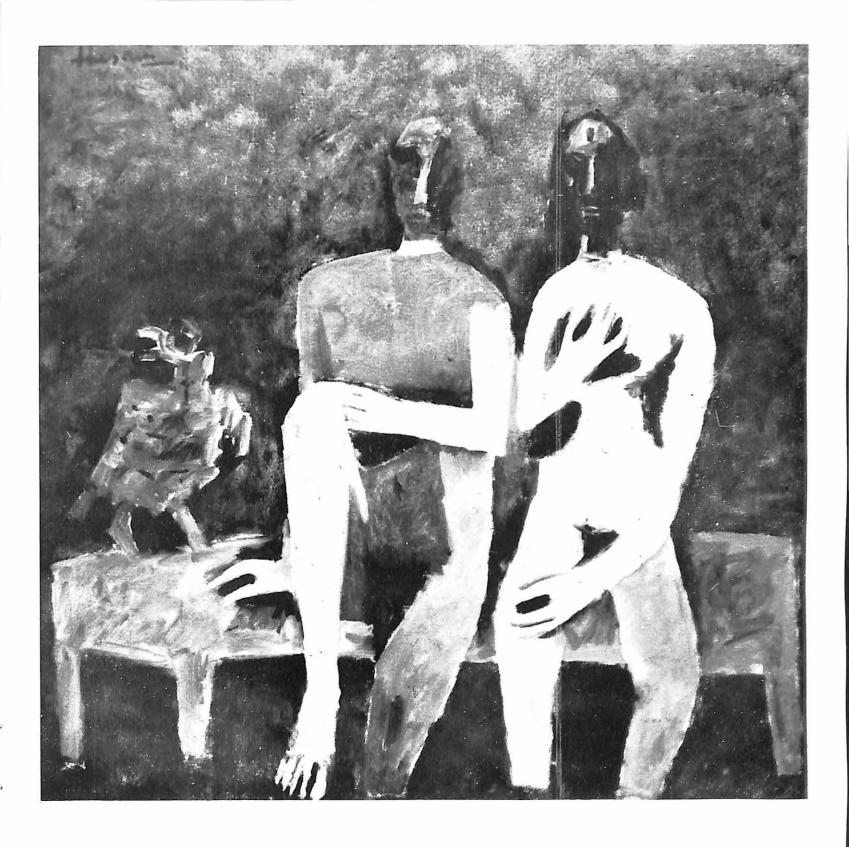
- For an excellent study of reaction against academic traditions, see Rewald, John: The History of Impressionism, New York, The Museum of modern Art, 1961, pp. 19-34; and for the reaction against Impressionism, see Rewald, John: Post Impressionism, From Van Gogh to Gauguin, New York, The Museum of Modern Art, 1956, pp. 271-310.
- For an account of the beginning of oil painting and easel tradition in India see Archer, W.G. and Mildred: Indian Painting for the British 1770-1880, London, Oxford University Press, 1955, pp. 17-18.
- 3. Ibid. pp. 7-19.
- 4. Ibid. pp. 20-72.
- 5. See Gladstone Solomon, W.E.: Essays on Mogul Art, Bombay, Oxford University Press, 1932, pp.68-69.
- 6. For the art of Ravi Verma see Chaitanya, Krishna: Ravi Verma, New Delhi, Lalit Kala Akademi, 1960; and also Ramachandra Rao, P. R.: Modern Indian Painting, Madras, Rachana, 1953, p. 9.
- 7. See Appasamy, Jaya: Abanindranath Tagore and the art of His Times, New Delhi, Lalit Kala Akademi, 1968, pp. 15-32.
- 8. Ibid. pp 108-110.
- 9. See Archer, W. G.: India and Modern Art, London, George Allen & Unwin Ltd., 1959, pp. 34-35.
- Originally from Tagore, Rabindranath: The Meaning of Art, and Art And Tradition. For ready reference see Archer, Ibid. p. 54.
- For a study of the works of artists belonging to the Group of Pont-Aven, see Rewald, John: Post Impre-ssionism, Op. Cit. pp. 271-310. For their mature artistic theories, see Rookmaaker, H.R.: Synthetist Art Theories, Amsterdam, Swets and Zeitlinger, 1959, pp. 153-165. For a detailed early study on Sher Gil see Khandalavala, Karl: Amrita Sher Gil, Bombay, New Book Co. Ltd., 1944.
- 12. See Archer, W. G.: India and Modern Art, Op. Cit. pp. 100-115.
- For the historical development of Cubism and Futurism see Barr, Alfred H. Jr.: Cubism and Abstract Art, New York, The Museum of Modern Art, 1936; see Rosenblum, Robert: Cubism and Twentieth Century Art, London, Thames and Hudson, 1960; also see Taylor, Joshua C.: Futurism, New York, The Museum of Modern Art, 1961.
- For a study of Expressionism see Selz, Peter: German Expressionist Painting, Los Angeles, University of California Press, 1957; also see Ritchie, Andrew Carnduff (Editor): German Art of the 20th Century, New York, The Museum of Modern Art, 1957.
- For a study of Surrealism see Rubin, William S.: Dada, Surrealism and their Heritage, New York, The Museum of Modern Art, 1968.
- 16. For a study of Abstract painting see Seuphor, Michel: Abstract Painting—50 years of Accomplishment from Kandinsky to the Present, New York, Harry N. Abrams Inc., 1961.
- For a study of Auguste Rodin's bronze sculpture see Rodin, London, Phaidon Press, 1951. For Antoine Bourdelle see Read, Herbert: A Concise History of Modern Sculpture, London, Thames and Hudson, 1964, pp. 20-21; also see Das Gupta, Prodosh: My Sculpture, Calcutta, Oxford Book and Stationery Co., 1955, p. 20.
- For a study of Expressionist sculpture see Read, Herbert: A Concise History of Modern Sculpture, Op. Cit. pp. 25-42. For influences of Jacob Epstein on Ramkinker compare plates 23 and 25 of this publication.
- 19. See Rickey, George: Constructivism Origins and Evolution, New York, George Braziller, 1967, pp.17-67.
- 20. See Rubin, Op. Cit. pp. 114-124.
- For iron sculptures based on blow-torch technique see Hammacher, A.M. (Editor): Leon Degand Gonzalez, London, A. Zwemmer Ltd., 1958.
- 22. Although an authoritative detailed study of the inter-relation of Indian and International modern art has yet to be undertaken, some traces of this are found in Ramachandra Rao, P.R.: Contemporary Indian Art, Hyderabad (Published by the Author), 1969, pp. 9-27.

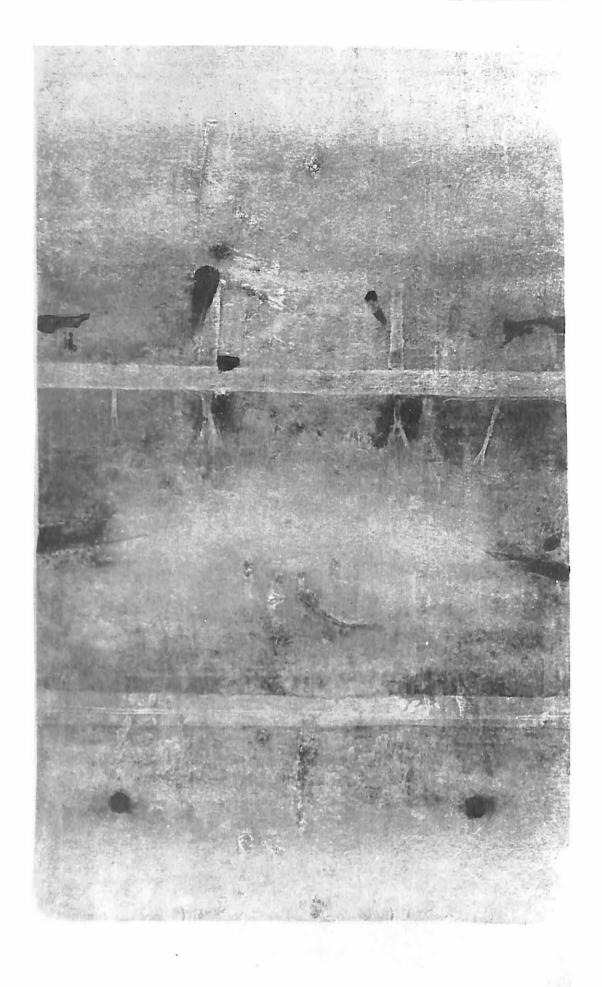


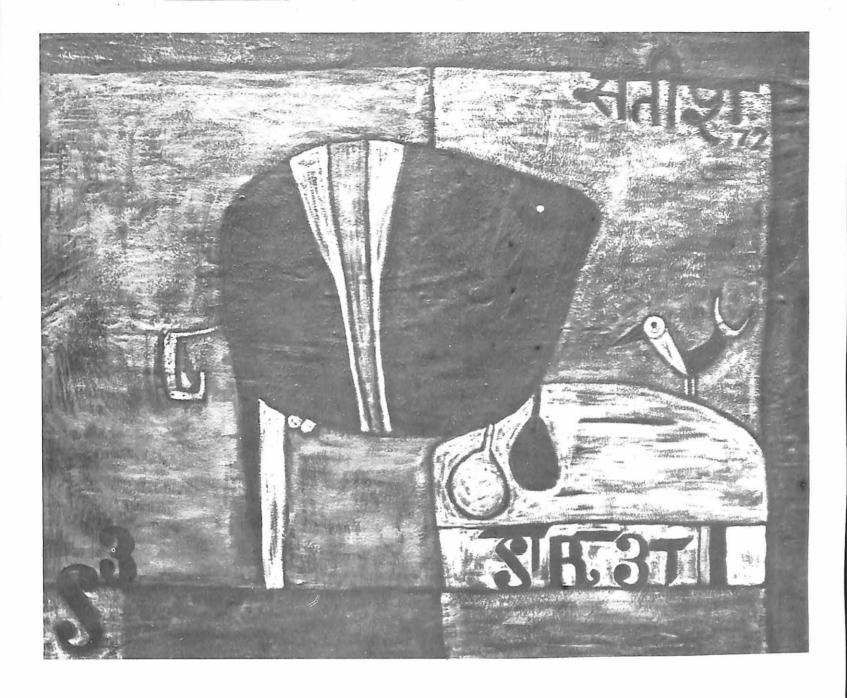






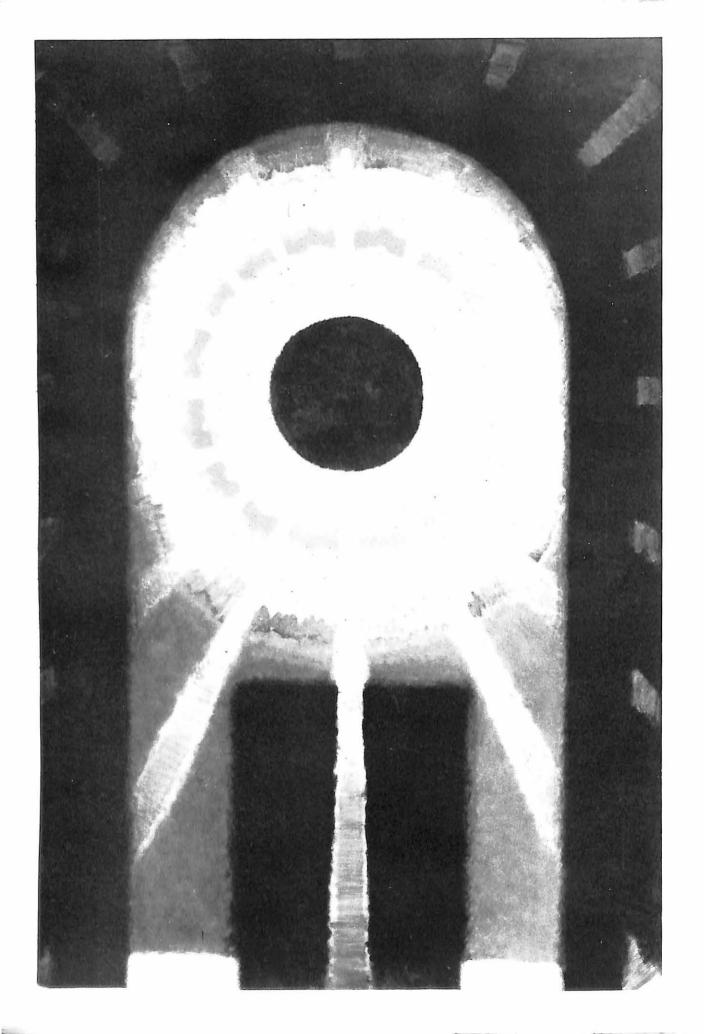


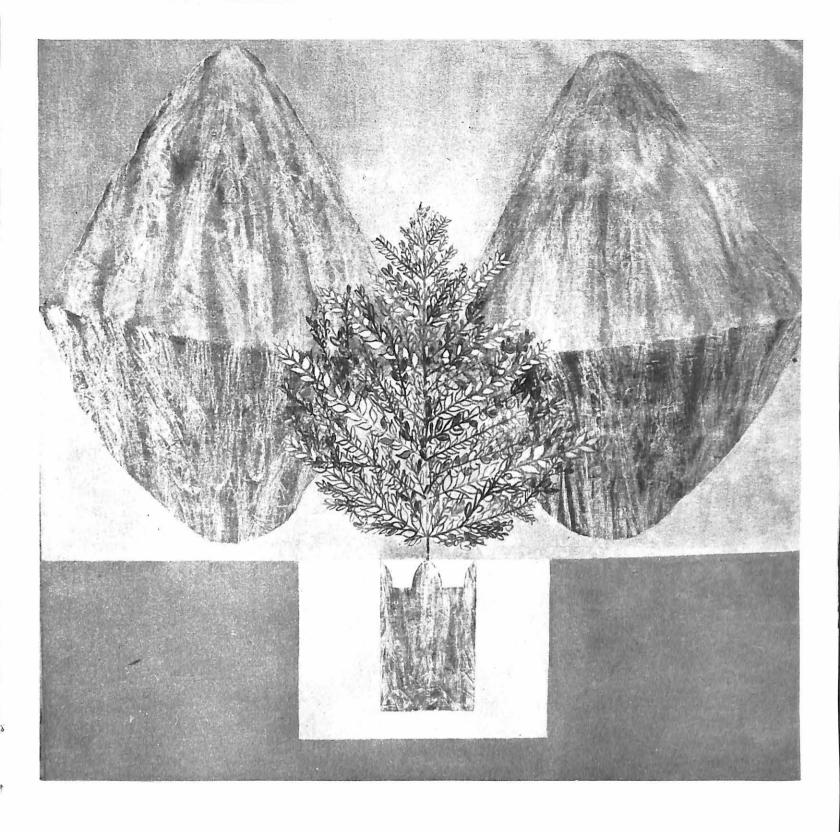




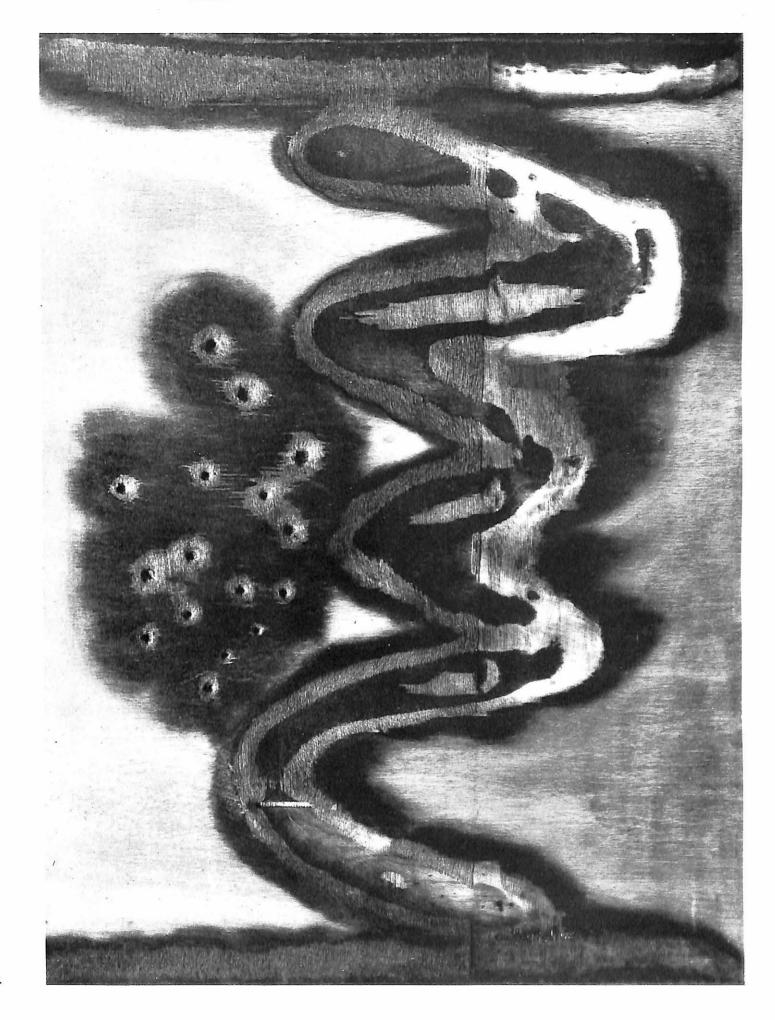


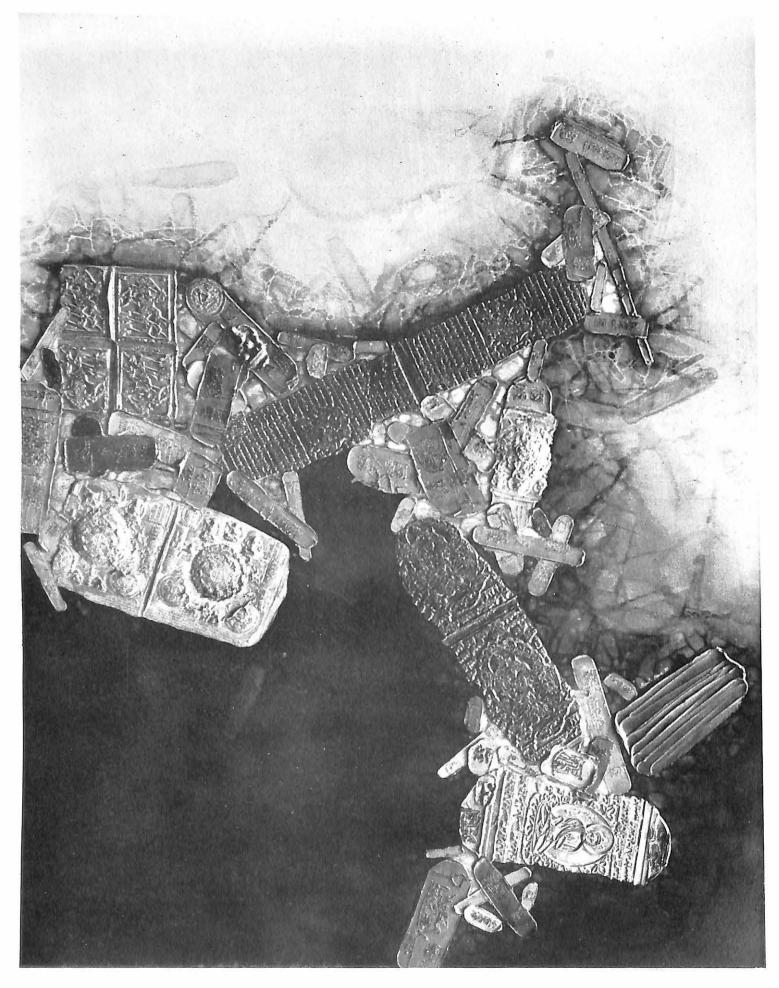


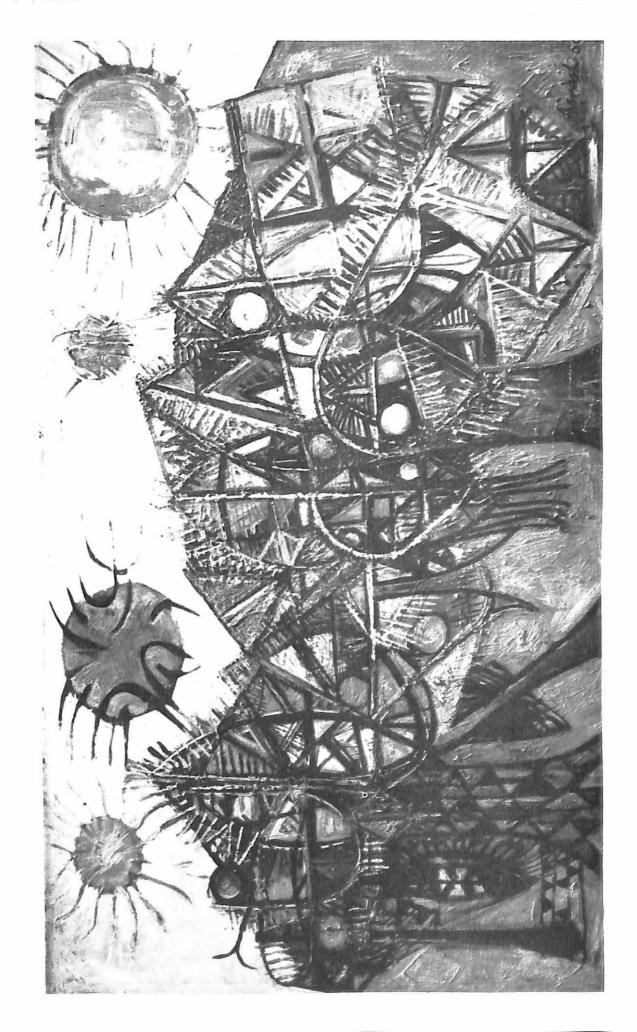


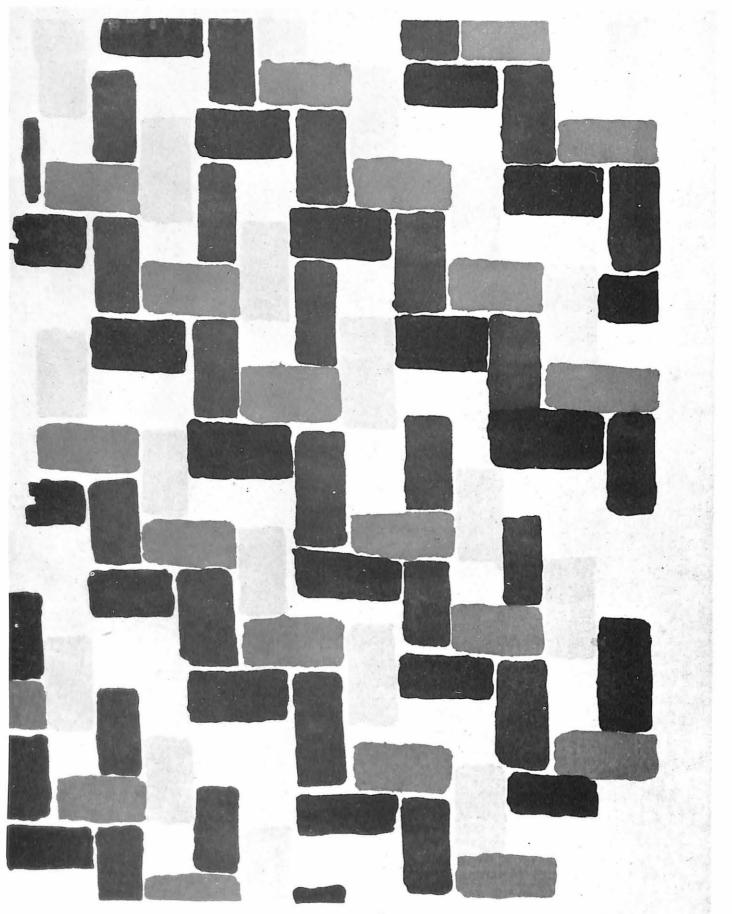




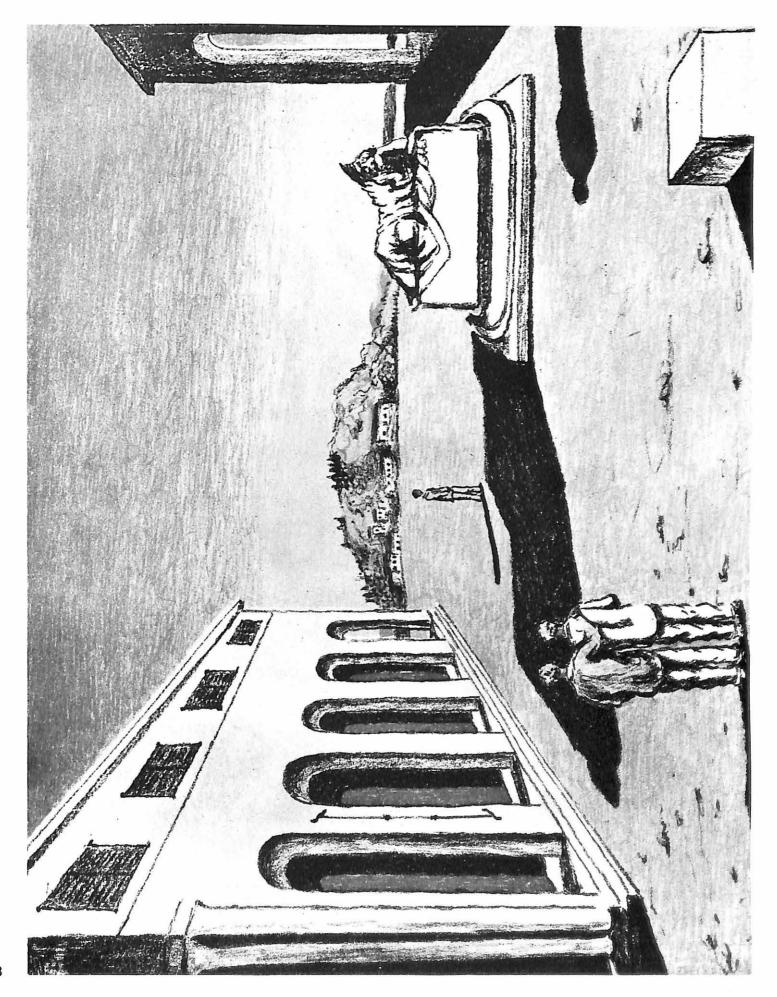




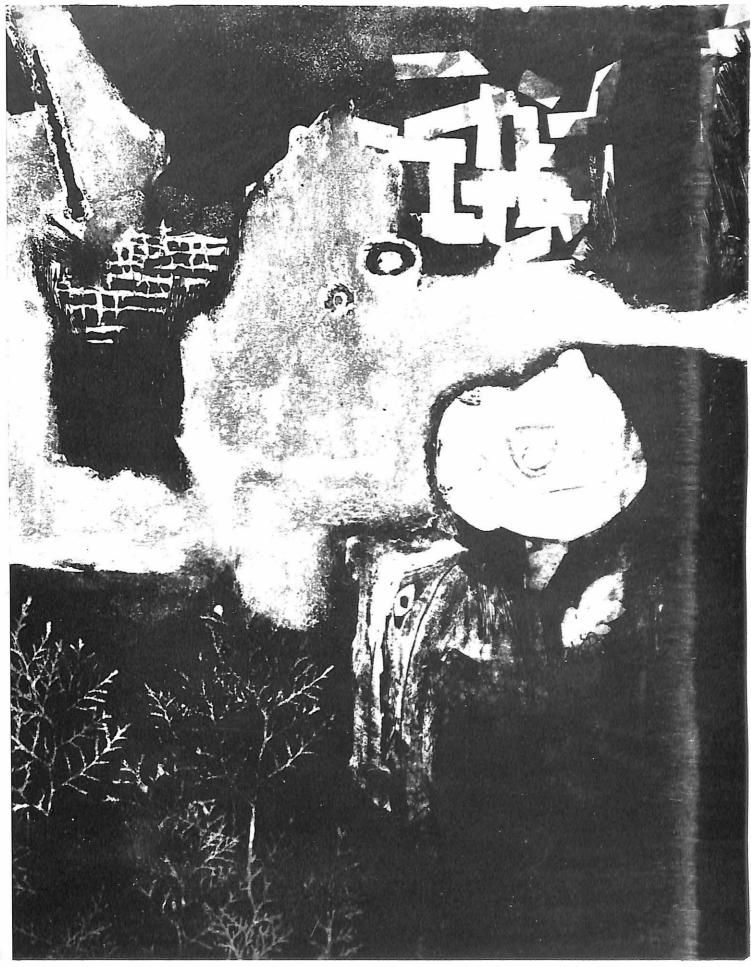


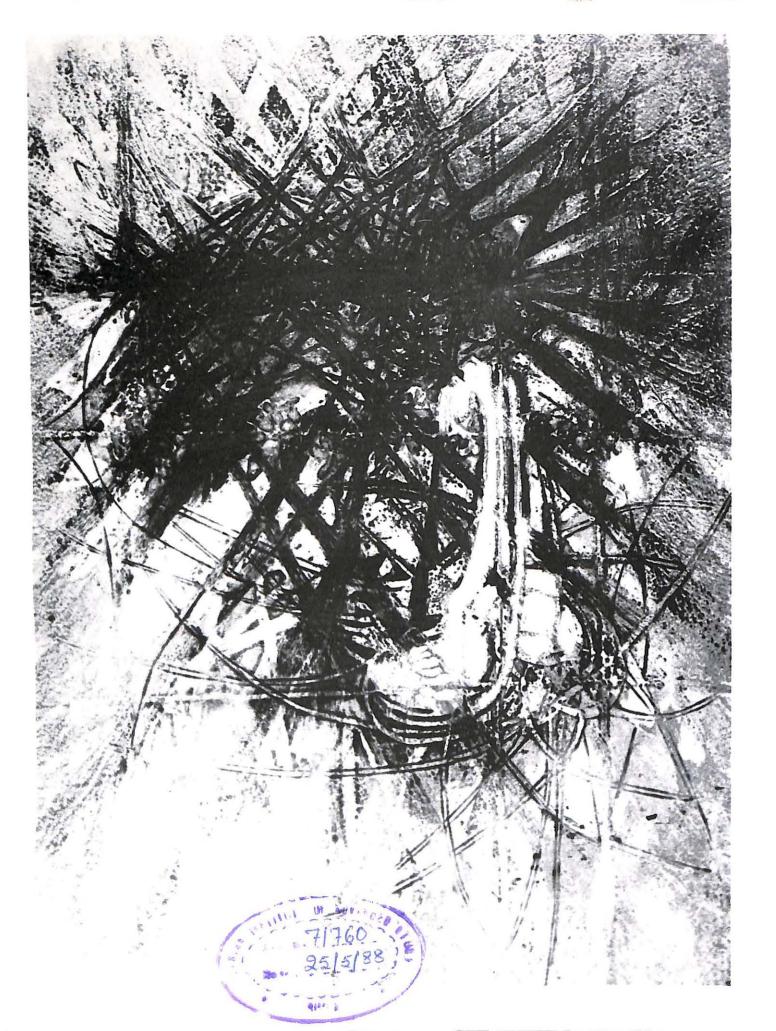


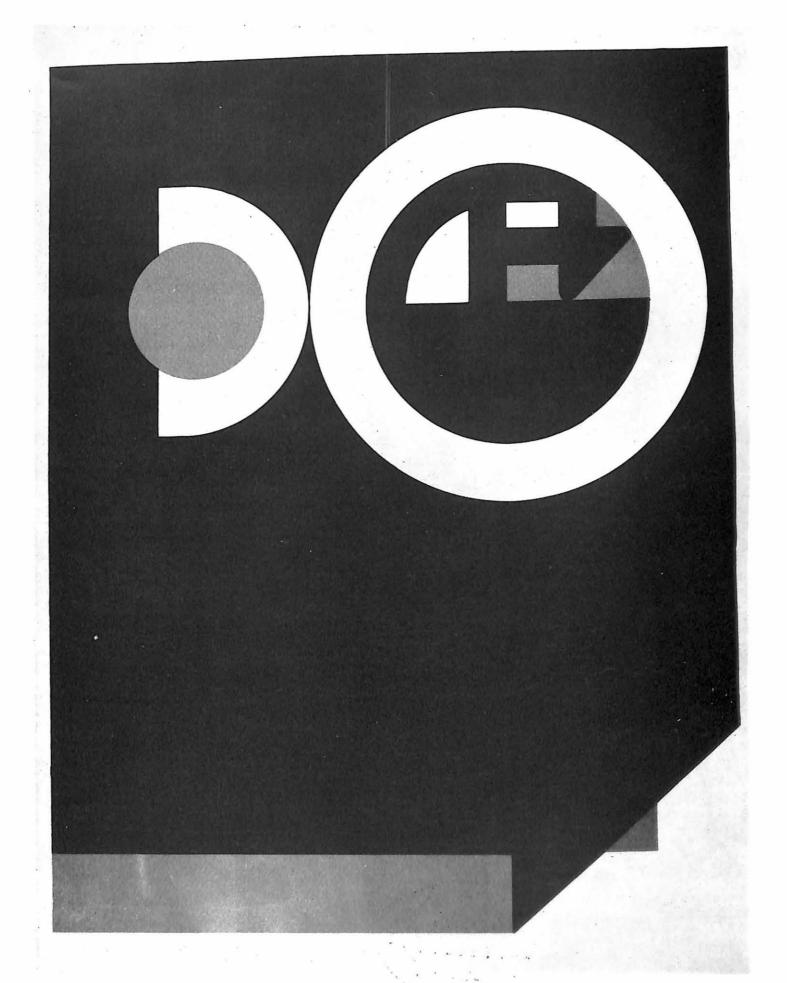
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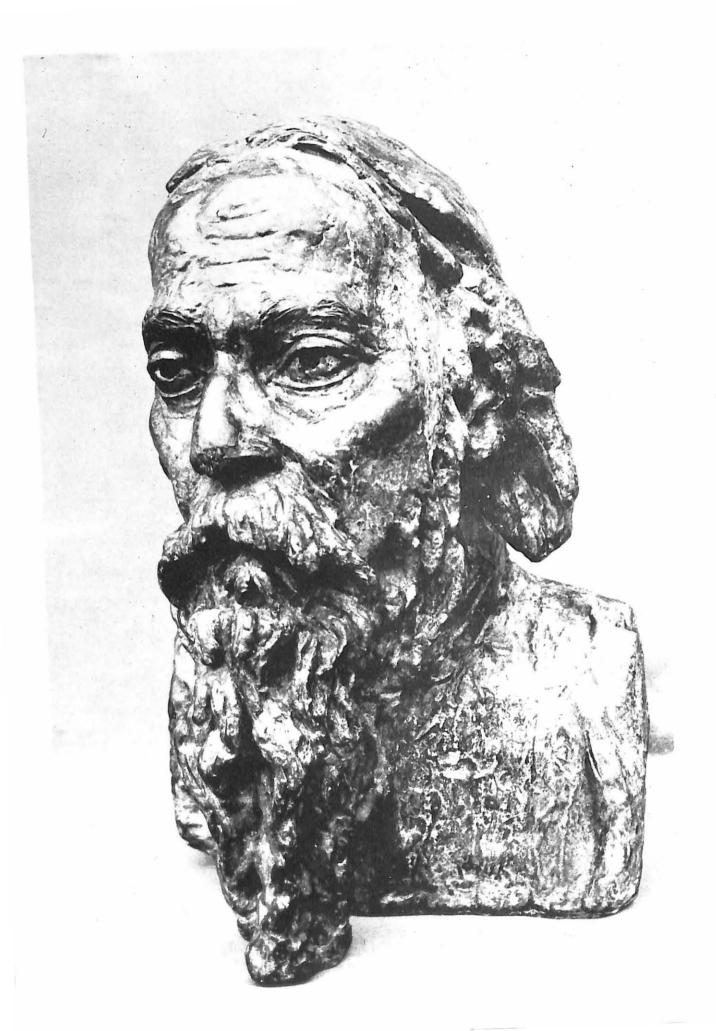


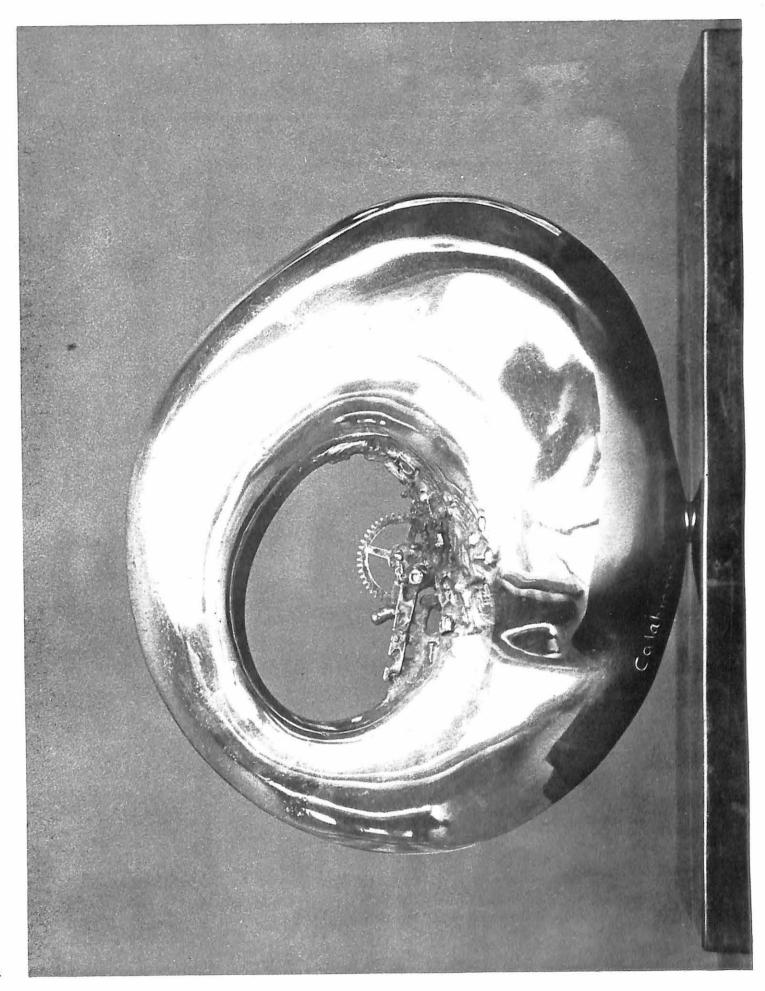




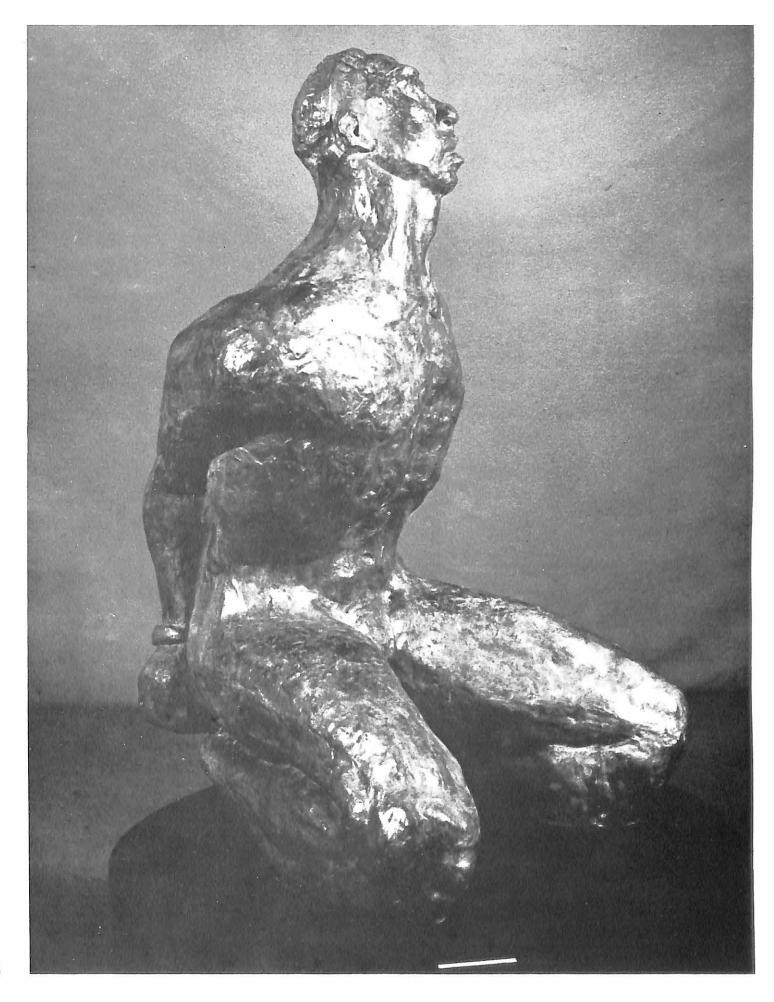


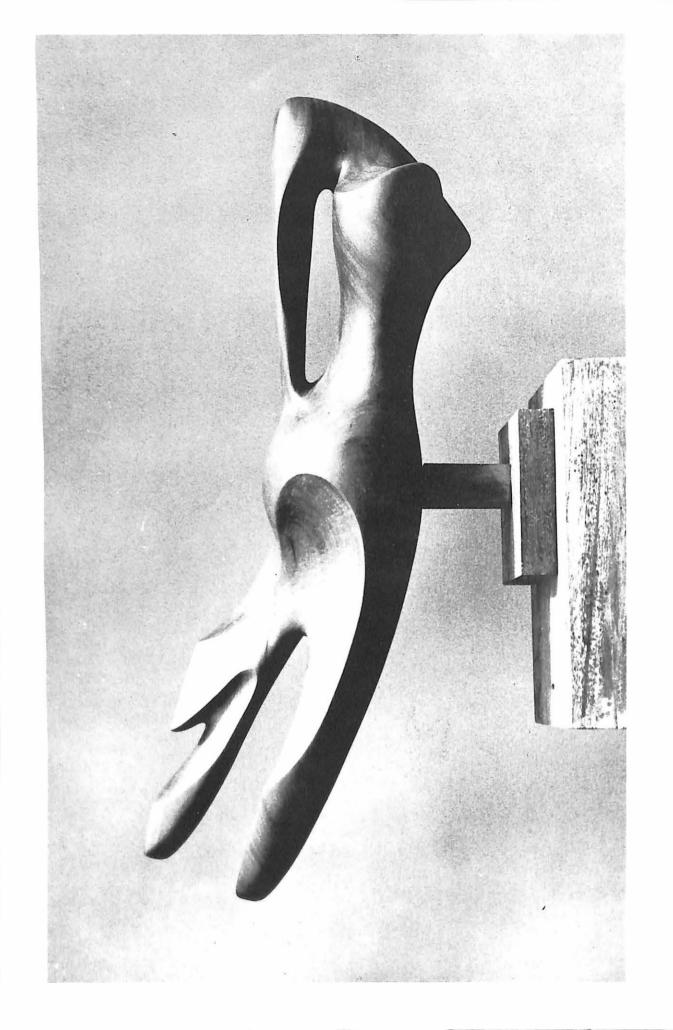


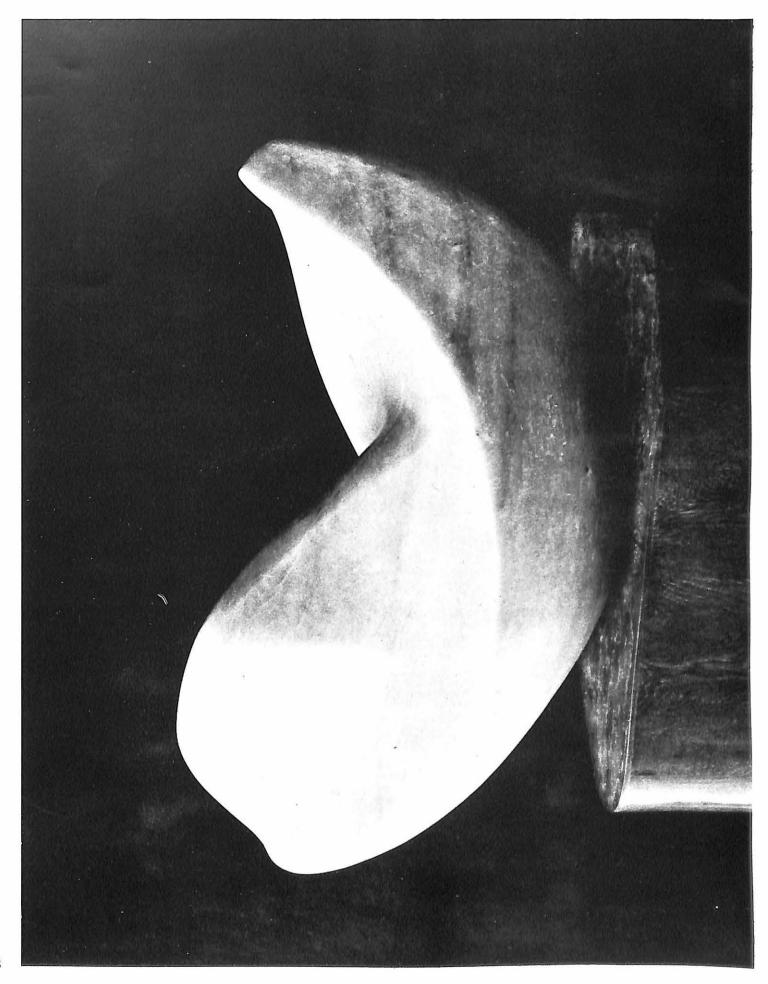






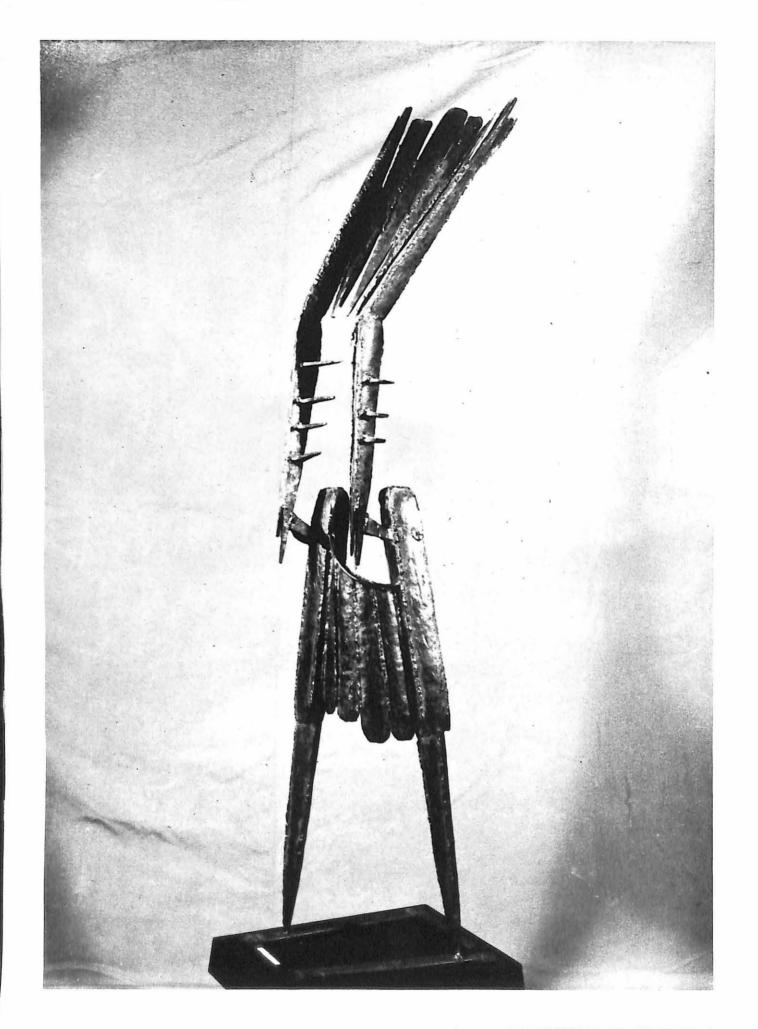


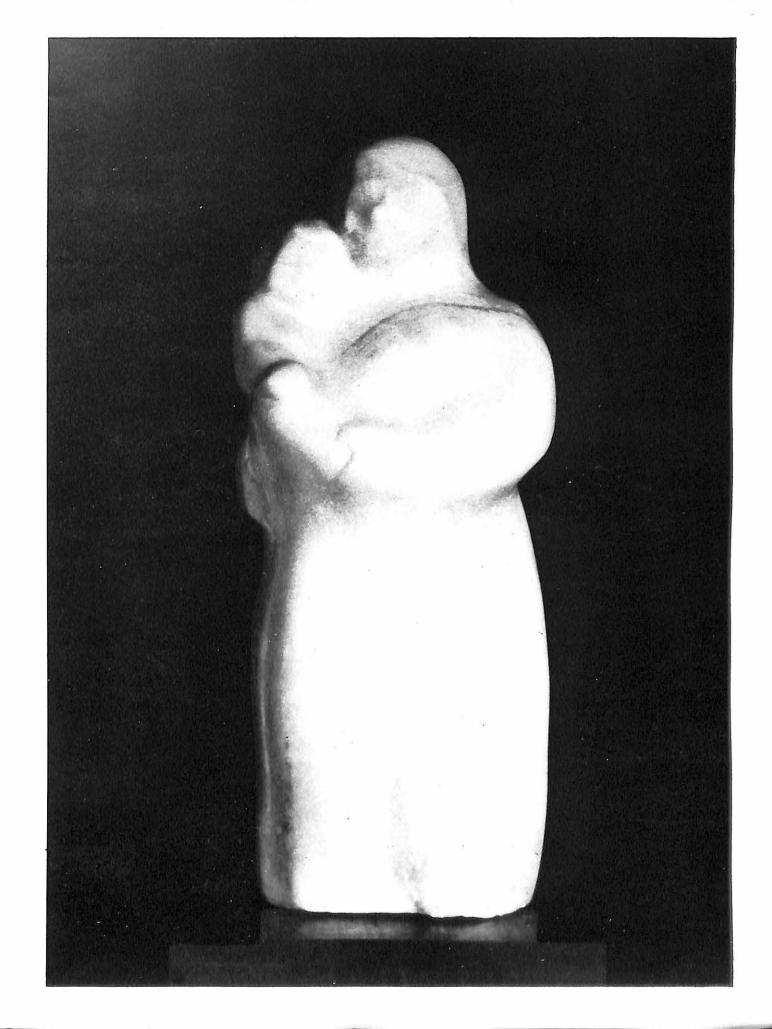


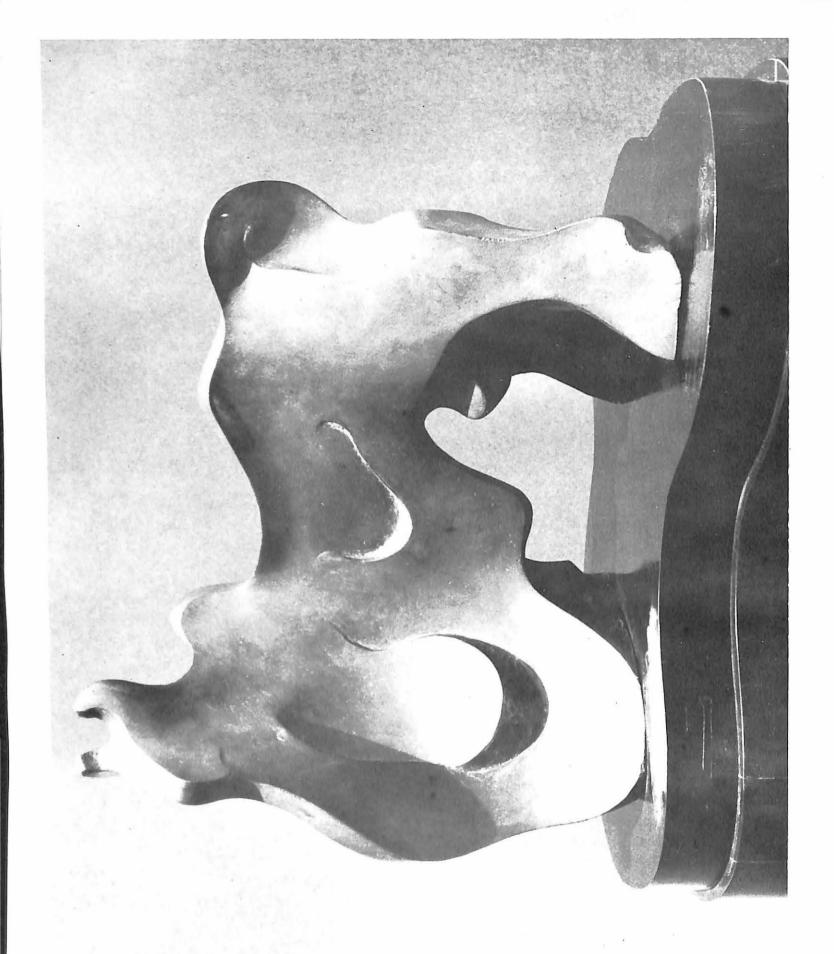


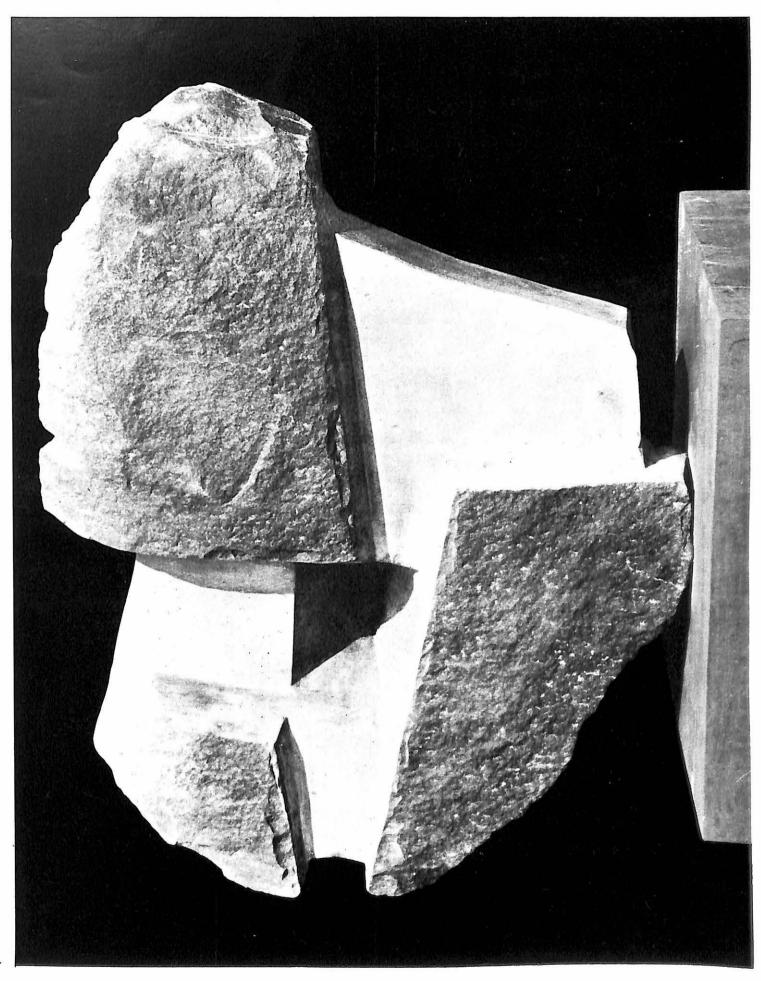












LIST OF REPRODUCTIONS

- Tagore, Rabindranath (1861—1941) Indian Bird, Undated Ink on paper, 17.8×22.8 cms. Acc. No. 1224 (Detail, Cover)
- Tagore, Gaganendranath (1867—1939) Indian
 Himalayan Bride, 1927
 Water colour, 38 × 26.6 cms.
 Acc. No. 2625
- Roy, Jamini (1887—1972) Indian
 Three Pujarinis, Undated Tempera on paper, 36.8 × 68.5 cms. Acc. No. 63
- Bendre, N. S. (Born 1910) Indian
 Portrait of a house, 1951
 Oil on Masonite, 91.5 x 122 cms.
 Acc. No. 1760
- 5. Sher Gil, Amrita (1913—1941) Indian Brahmcharis, 1937 Oil on canvas, 146.7×88.2 cms. Acc. No. 70
- Husain, M.F. (Born 1915) Indian
 Hawk Unidentified, Undated
 Oil on canvas, 101.5 x 101.5 cms.
 Acc. No. 1848
- 7. Gaitonde, V.S. (Born 1924)
 Indian
 No Title, 1969
 Oil on canvas, 101.5×178 cms.
 (Partial gift from the artist)
 Acc. No. 2563
- Gujral, Satish (Born 1925) Indian No Title, 1972 Oil on canvas, 127.5×108 cms. Acc. No. 2694
- Khanna, Krishen (Born 1925)
 Indian
 No Title, 1965
 Ink on paper (Sumi), 91.5 × 176 cms.
 Acc. No. 2475
- 10. Samant, Mohan (Born 1926)

- Indian
 The Three Divine Gossipers, 1966
 Mixed media on canvas, 234 × 177.8cms.
 Acc. No. 2395
- De, Biren (Born 1926)
 Indian
 June '70, 1970
 Oil on canvas, 122×182.5 cms.
 Acc. No. 2481
- 12. Swaminathan, J. (Born 1928)
 Indian
 Tulsi, 1969
 Oil on canvas, 127 × 127 cms.
 Acc. No. 2444
- 13. Santosh, G.R. (Born 1929) Indian Paralysed, 1965 Oil on canvas, 94×129.5 cms. Acc. No. 2398
- Patel, Jeram (Born 1930)
 Indian
 Contour, 1962
 Wood and Blow Lamp, 122×91cms.
 Acc. No. 2216
- Dave, Shanti (Born 1931)
 Indian
 Painting, 1970
 Oil and mixed media on canvas, 174 × 223 cms.
 (Partial gift from the artist)
 Acc. No. 2504
- 16. Chandra, Avinash (Born 1931)
 Indian
 Orchard, 1960
 Oil on Board, 152.5 × 91.5 cms.
 Acc. No. 2008
- 17. Delaunay, Sonia (Born 1885)
 French
 No Title, Undated
 Gouache, 18 × 24.5 cms.
 Acc. No. 2632
- 18. de Chirico G. (Born 1888)
 Italian
 No Title, 1970
 Lithograph, 57 × 45.8 cms.
 (Gift from Shri Bimal Banerjee)
 Acc. No. 2642

- 19. Krishna, Kanwal (Born 1910) Indian Excavation, 1967 Etching, 22 × 14.5 cms. Acc. No. 2415
- Hore, Somnath (Born 1921)
 Indian
 Birth of a white rose, 1961
 Etching, 44×50 cms.
 Acc. No. 2346
- 21. Reddy, Krishna (Born 1925) Indian Maternity, 1957 Etching, 32 × 44.5 cms. Acc. No. 1979
- 22. Narendra (Bor Indian The Moon, Print on pa Acc. No. 2
- 23. Epstein, J orn 1880)
 British
 Head of Rabindranath Tagore, 1926
 Bronze, 51×33×23 cms.
 Acc. No. 1969
- 24. Calabrone, Domenico (Born 1928) Brazilian No Title, Date not known Brass, 21×17.5×4 cms. (Gift of the artist through Brazilian Embassy, New Delhi) Acc. No. 2506
- 25. Ram Kinker (Born 1910) Indian Guru Abanindranath Tagore, 1943 Bronze, 39×29×25 cms. Acc. No. 2506
- 26. Das Gupta, Prodosh K. (Born 1915) Indian In Bondage, 1943 Bronze, 60 × 103 × 67 cms. Acc. No. 2184

- 27. Kar, Chintamoni (Born 1915) Indian Flight, 1962 Wood, 111.8×29×21.5 cms. Acc. No. 2558
- 28. Chaudhuri, Sankho (Born 1916) Indian Reclining Figure, 1971 Pink Marble, 68 × 38 × 40 cms. Acc. No. 2583
- 29. Bhagat, Dhanraj (Born 1917) Indian I Support the Universe, 1972 Papier mache, 15×40×5 cms. Acc. No. 2577
 - nal Amarnath (Born 1922) nagaished Cries, 1971 Bronze, 190.5 × 170 × 46 cms. Acc. No. 2715
- 31. Davierwalla, A.M. (Born 1922) Indian Icarus, 1963 Iron, 43 × 145 × 30 cms. Acc. No. 2218
- 32. Pandya, Mahendra D. (Born 1926) Indian Mother and Child, 1958 Marble, 21×73×30 cms. Acc. No. 1768
- 33. Kaneria, Raghav R. (Born 1936) Indian *The Bull.* 1959 Bronze, 41×37×20 cms. Acc. No. 1800
- 34. Katt, Balbir Singh (Born 1941) Indian City Square, 1971 Granite, 96 × 72 × 29 cms. Acc. No. 2471



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